

Handsome Autumn Coat Suits and Coats

The display of Misses' and Ladies' Suits for fall is worthy of your immediate viewing. We've endeavored to bring before you the best this country affords.

Sizes: Misses 14 to 20 years; Ladies 34 to 44.

Materials—Wool Velour, Gaberdine, Broadcloth, Velour Check, Wool Poplin, Men's Wear Serge.

Colors—Brown, Green, Plum, Burgandy, Navy, Black.

Prices range from \$10.00, \$25.00 to \$45.00.

Fall Coats for every Occasion

Whether you want a coat for motor-ing, walking, dress or general wear, you'll find our assortment responsive to your every wish.

The new Bolivia Cloth, Wool, Velour, Silk Plush, Broadcloth and Wool Plush in the wanted greens, browns, plums, navys and blacks, all sizes; priced at \$10.00 to \$40.00.

New Autumn Merchandise Has Arrived

WE ARE JUST AS BUSY AS POSSIBLE SHOWING OUR NEW GOODS EVERY DAY

THE LAST WORD IN MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING

The famous Schloss Bros. Clothing for Men and Boys'. You can always find a ready fit in the best quality at the lowest prices

Popular Priced Goods for Poor Pocket Books

King Clothier

H. PATTERSON,

King Clothier

A Wonderful New Line of Ready-Made Dresses

made in all new cloths—very latest creations.

\$8.00 Values.....	\$6.50
\$10.00 Values.....	\$7.75
\$15.00 Values.....	\$11.75
\$20.00 Values.....	\$15.00
\$25.00 Values.....	\$20.00

Shoes for the Entire Family

When you see the standard trade mark on the shoes we sell you can rest assured that they are the best money can buy.

In our shoe department we have a big showing of school shoes in high tops latest styles.

NEW FALL SUITS

Suits all wool English and conservative styles \$12.50 to \$30.00. We are showing new fall styles in men's and boys' suits at the following attractive reductions:

\$5.00 Values.....	\$4.25
\$7.50 Values.....	\$6.50
\$10.00 Values.....	\$7.75
\$12.50 Values.....	\$10.00
\$15.00 Values.....	\$12.50
\$18.00 Values.....	\$15.00
\$20.00 Values.....	\$16.50
\$22.50 Values.....	\$17.50
\$25.00 Values.....	\$20.00
\$30.00 Values.....	\$22.50

CAPP'S GRAVEYARD SINGING WELL ATTENDED SUNDAY.

Live Band of News Items From Zirconia and Vicinity—Building New Road.

(Special to The Hustler.) Zirconia, Sept. 13.—The singing held at the Capp's Graveyard Sunday was well attended considering the inclemency of the weather. The singing was fine under the leadership of Prof. E. A. Ward and P. P. Kuykendall. A very nice dinner was served on the grounds and all present report a most enjoyable day.

The preaching service at Mt. Olivet was well attended Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker Thompson of Hendersonville, were visitors at Mt. Olivet Sunday.

Prof. E. A. Ward visited at Valley Hill Sunday and wishes to announce that he and Prof. C. M. Cassell of Gramlin, S. C., will hold an all day singing service at that place the fourth Sunday in September.

Sherman C. Ward of Flat Rock, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Ward, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Glover Osteen are visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Osteen this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Ballard of this place, attended singing at Mud Creek Sunday.

Citizens of this community are building a new road leading from Mt. Olivet to the Green River cotton mill. This will be a great improvement to the community and especially a great help to those who wagon a great deal.

The public school at Mt. Olivet has disbanded for fodder.

Born Sunday, August 20, to Mr. and Mrs. Lum Anders a daughter, Isabella Gertrude.

Born, Sunday September 3, to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Tankersley, a son.

PARTY AT ZIRCONIA.

Misses Minnie and Josephine Owens, Celebrate Birthday—Other Live News of That Section.

(Special to The Hustler.) Zirconia, Sept. 13.—Misses Minnie and Josephine Owens entertained Saturday evening at a birthday party it being their 16th birthday. Games were played and delicious refreshments of ice cream and cake was served. The presents were numerous and lovely. Among those who enjoyed the Misses Owens hospitality were: Misses Alice Hunnicut, Thelma Andrews, Misses Staton, Misses Godfrey, Miss Bly, Miss Wade, Mrs. C. H. Osteen, Mrs. Daves, Messrs. Henry Waters, Ralph Huggins, Leland Huggins, Milford Bane, Will Burrell, C. H. Osteen, David Osteen and Mr. Godfrey. Mrs. C. H. Osteen visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Ledbetter of Edneyville, recently.

Mrs. Earl Wright of Landrum passed through our burg Saturday.

J. M. Lee has returned from Greenville.

Jerry Jones has moved to Hendersonville.

Riley Ward of Greenville recently visited his aunt Mrs. R. K. Osteen.

The school at Mt. Olivet will begin again Monday, Sept. 18, Mrs. Osteen having stopped for fodder.

Lets all send in the news to our paper as it is the best paper in North Carolina.

NEWS OF THE WEEK FROM FLETCHER ROUTE NO. 3.

Fletcher, R-3 Sept. 13.—Miss Hattie Livingston of Hendersonville, Route 5, spent the week-end with her parents here.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Wilkie September 1, a daughter.

Prof. B. L. Edwards spent Saturday in Hendersonville.

Misses Sue and Lottie Merrill spent the week-end at their home near Fairview.

Mrs. Harriett Freeman has returned to Hendersonville after visiting relatives here.

We regret to learn that Rev. W. S.

Huntley is on "e sick list. Mrs. J. F. Livingston spent Monday in Asheville.

EDNEYVILLE NEWS.

Box Supper Given and \$24.00 Realized. Young Ladies on Horse-Back Jaunt.

(Special to The Hustler.) Edneyville, Sept. 13.—Rev. Green will preach at Edneyville M. E. church next Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. Otto Marlow of Spartanburg, S. C., visited in this section recently.

The box supper at the Edneyville graded school building was well attended Saturday night and everybody had a very nice time. The proceeds amounted to \$24.00. This money will be used to purchase a water cooler, maps, charts, etc.

We are glad to see the interest which is being manifested by the people of this community in the cause of education. The school, under the management of Prof. C. F. Betts is progressing nicely.

Edneyville, Sept. 13.—Justus and Shelley Simpson spent three days of last week horse back riding to Black Mountain via Bat Cave, Dome, and then to Montreat, Ridgecrest and to the top of Sunset mountain then to Asheville and returned back to Edneyville on Sunday evening. The trip was very much enjoyed and will long be remembered.

We regret very much to learn of the death of Mr. Roscoe Townsend who departed from this life on Monday of last week.

STATE PRISONERS IN GORGE IN THIRTY DAYS.

"I hope to furnish you State convicts for work on the Hickory Nut Gap road within thirty days," Governor Locke Craig told State Engineer W. S. Fallis of the state highway commission yesterday. "Just now the prisoners are all busy on the state farms planting the fall crops, a work which is absolutely necessary. As soon as this has been completed the men will be sent into the gorge."

The state engineer spent a few hours in Asheville yesterday and in company with a board of trade official called on Governor Craig. Mr. Fallis, who is very much interested in the opening of the Hickory Nut road reminded the governor that Rutherford county had now made its appropriation for the maintenance of the highway, in common with Buncombe and Henderson. He also informed Governor Craig that the Dupont Powder company had given him dynamite and blasting powder to the value of \$1,000 and still another \$1,000 worth of tools and equipment for road work.

Convicts on Road.

This statement of Governor Craig's to the effect that the convicts from the state farms would be transferred to rebuilding the road in the gorge in the first official information to that effect and means a very great deal to the people in the Heart of the Blue Ridge. Mr. Fallis declares. It has been repeatedly pointed out that the task is one requiring the resources of the state if the road is to be opened within any reasonable time. Even as it is now the farmers in the Bar Cave and Chimney Rock sections will be isolated for many weeks and possibly months, to come, it is said.

Governor Craig also agreed to furnish an engineer to make survey and estimates of the proposed short-route to Marshall. As soon as the county commissioners of Madison and Buncombe have formally made application for the services of the engineer he will come here and this will mark definite steps toward the construction of the highway and the "unbottling" of Asheville to the west.

The state highway engineer informed the governor that at the Appalachian Good Roads convention, which had just closed at Lexington, Ky., a resolution was adopted urging that all state automobile taxes be turned into

the treasury of the state highway commission for the maintenance of state highways. Governor Craig assented to this, stating that in his opinion this policy should be pursued.—Asheville Citizen.

SHIPMAN BUYS NEW HOME: WILL QUALIFY AS WALKER.

A Raleigh dispatch to the Charlotte Observer says: "Number 115 Forest Road Drive, Cameron Park, is the new home address of Commissioner M. L. Shipman. He has just purchased a handsome home in Cameron Park, a fashionable Raleigh suburb, and is occupying it with his family who have been in Hendersonville and Brevard for the summer and hurried home last fall. He should be tied up the mountains indefinitely through the strike of railway men that was threatened."

The Raleigh correspondent of the Greensboro News has also found out that Mr. Shipman expects to set up a walking record and tells about it as follows:

"Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman is going to again qualify as a walker. Reared in the mountains of Henderson county, Mr. Shipman has always stepped high but since coming to Raleigh has had less perambulatory exercise than formerly was his. He moved to Cameron park this week and Cameron park is just without the city limits. The proposition he sets out with is that he will walk down to work each morning of the six set apart for labor and will make the trip in 25 minutes. Some who have tried it say it can't be done; others claim to have thriven on the walk and to have made it in less time."

BOOZE AND BRAINS.

That booze and brains won't mix or work well together is a statement that is based not upon guess work nor is it a question of anti-this or anti-that. It is a statement based on the results of experiments made by eminent scientists, who devised a series of tests and applied them to many individuals before and after they had taken alcoholic liquor.

In all cases the ability to add, to memorize and to think quickly were greatly reduced within a few minutes after taking the drink, and the handicap lasted for as long as three days. The more difficult the task, the greater was the handicap and the more numerous were the mistakes made by the one tested. On the average the falling off in efficiency under alcohol amounted to over 15 per cent., as compared to normal conditions. These men were not drunk, but had simply had a moderate drink. What is more, everyone of them imagined that he was doing work fully up to grade while the tests showed that it was far below.

"According to these tests," says the State Board of Health, "he who would, think must not drink. The person who poisons his system with alcohol bribes his mind, as well as his body. He becomes as full of prejudice as his breath is full of fumes. Schiller has said, 'Wine invents nothing; it only blabs it out.'"

Constipation the Father of Many Ills Of the numerous ills that affect humanity a large share start with constipation. Keep your bowels regular and they may be avoided. When a laxative is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They not only move the bowels but improve the appetite, and strengthen the digestion. Obtainable everywhere.

WATCH FOR DOLLAR DAY PRICES AT CHAS. ROZZELLE.

L. P. Carter and son are opening a meat market in the Pace building on 7th avenue East, near depot. Their ad appears in this issue of the Hustler.

J. B. Freeman of Bat Cave, was in the city this week.

HIGH PRAISE FOR THE AMERICAN SAILOR.

English Naval Critic Hector Bywater, Writes Interestingly of Men on Our Ships.

"We have it on the word of an Englishman," says the Philadelphia Press, "that the personnel of our navy is better by far than that of Germany's sea force. Indeed, he waxed so enthusiastic as to say that the American bluejacket of the present day is a revelation to any one who knew the old timer of ten or fifteen years ago."

The Englishman is Hector Bywater, one of England's leading naval writers, who discusses the naval problems of the United States in a recent issue of the London Naval and Military record. It is to be regretted that Mr. Bywater did not compare the efficiency of our bluejackets to that of the Royal Navy, but perhaps modesty forbid him, or it may have been the censor, who did not care to make public the slightest whisper from an Englishman that the British sailors have equals or even—who knows?—superiors.

Let it be thought that this latter supposition is an expression of patriotic pride, Mr. Bywater may be summoned as a witness. According to him the American bluejacket is "fed, berthed and cared for in a way that astonishes those who are acquainted with the best European standards. Extraordinary pains are taken with his general and professional education. The amount of head-work he is called upon to get through may seem exaggerated and unnecessary to European critics, but the result certainly appears to justify the system."

Men are not "astonished" nor do they consider "extraordinary" what is common to their perceptions. It is fair to assume that Mr. Bywater is so well acquainted with the British navy that though he looks upon it with pride it does not represent to him uncommon achievement, but merely what is to be expected from the British navy. Therefore his use of superlatives in regard to our bluejackets may be taken as an opinion that he believes our jackets are as good if not better than the British.

Referring to the claim of Germany, and the United States that they have each solved the problem of converting the land-lubber into an efficient man-of-war's-man within the three years, Mr. Bywater writes that no unbiased observer who has seen the finished article in both countries will hesitate to award the palm to the American product.

The mental machinery of the yokel from inland Prussia or Bavaria is inferior to that of the average American youth from the inland State; but this fact does not of itself explain why the latter make the better seamen. The advantage of the volunteer system in naval recruiting is that only youth are enrolled who have a natural inclination toward the sea; whereas under conscription large numbers of young men are taken for the naval service who have no inborn aptitude or temperamental disposition for the life.

This is strong evidence from competent authority. But it only confirms the opinion Americans have held for a long time. We knew it, but we are glad to have Mr. Bywater confirm what we think of the men in the navy, though they are few. There will soon be more.—New York Herald.

ONE DAY'S REST IN SEVEN.

The Court of Appeals in New York State has upheld the validity of the law requiring employers in mercantile and manufacturing establishments to allow one day's rest in seven to their employees. The law is based upon the recognition of the necessities created by modern industry for continuous operation of some industries, but requires that one day in the week shall be a rest day for every worker.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 13.—A summary of the September crop report for the State of North Carolina, as compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates (and transmitted through the Weather Bureau), United States Department of Agriculture, is as follows:

Corn—September 1 forecast, 59,100,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 64,050,000 bushels.

Wheat—Preliminary estimate 10,342,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 10,355,000 bushels.

Oats—September 1 forecast 5,100,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 8,050,000 bushels.

Rye—Preliminary estimate, 495,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 575,000 bushels.

Tobacco—September 1 forecast, 194,000,000 pounds; production last year (final estimate), 198,400,000 pounds.

Potatoes—September 1 forecasts, 2,900,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 3,150,000 bushels.

Sweet Potatoes—September 1 forecast, 8,630,000 bushels; production last year (final estimate), 8,925,000 bushels.

Hay—Preliminary estimate, 428,000 tons; production last year (final estimate) 648,000 tons.

Apples—September 1 forecast, 2,320,000 barrels; production last year (final estimate), 1,972,000 barrels.

Peaches—Estimated production 1916 897,000 bushels; estimated production 1915, 1,955,000 bushels.

Cotton—Aug. 25 forecast 661,000 bales; production last year (Census), 699,494 bales.

Peanuts—September 1 condition 81%, compared with the ten-year average of 83%.

Prices—The first price given below is the average on Sept. 1 this year, and the second the average on Sept. 1 last year.

State—Wheat, 131 cents and 119 cents per bushel. Corn, 105 cents and 98 cents per bushel. Oats, 66 cents and 62 cents per bushel. Potatoes, 86 cents and 59 cents per bushel.

Hay, \$16.49 and \$16.90 per ton. Cotton, 15.6 cents and 8.6 cents per pound. Eggs, 23.3 cents and 18.7 cents per dozen.

United States—Wheat, 131 cents and 95.0 per bushel. Corn, 83.6 cents and 77.3 cents per bushel. Oats, 43.1 cents and 38.5 cents per bushel. Potatoes, 109 and 50.5 cents per bushel.

Hay, \$10.40 and \$10.80 per ton. Cotton, 14.6 cents and 8.5 cents per pound. Eggs, 23.3 cents and 18.7 cents per dozen.

TYPHOID VACCINATION NOT A FAD AMONG PEOPLE.

Vaccination for typhoid fever is not a fad, as some people think, and its disappearance or disuse may not soon be expected. According to the State Board of Health, typhoid vaccine has come to stay and will do this on its own merits. Wherever its value has been intelligently pursued, the results have been a large number of immunes, a small number of cases and a much smaller number of deaths.

Wherever its use has been made compulsory, the disease has practically disappeared. In other words, typhoid vaccine is no longer an experiment, but one of the age's greatest discoveries for preventing sickness and death. The question, how long does vaccination remain good, is yet to be answered definitely. People freshly vaccinated with vaccine rarely get typhoid, but vaccination against typhoid offers a measure of protection that is nearly absolute. Its use is practically devoid of danger and it offers protection, probably, for much longer than three years.

The vaccines are easy to get and not difficult to give. The reaction attending them are not severe; not more than one or two per cent, react at all severely. Even this, it may be said, can be prevented by splitting the initial dose, giving it in two instead of one.

WHY CHILDREN DO NOT LIKE TO STAY ON THE FARM.

Drift to the City Not Without Reason. No Effort to Keep Children on The Farm.

"On a recent visit to a typical rural school in one of our Georgia counties," says a writer in the Wesleyan Christian Advocate, "I inquired from the two-score children present how many lived on the farm and received the reply that over two-thirds of the children in this school came from farm homes. I then inquired how many wished to remain on the farm. Not one single hand went up. The next inquiry directed to the children was, 'Why do you not wish to remain on the farm when you grow up?' And the girls and boys were frank in their answers: 'Too much work and too little money. Too much work and too little play. We must go to town to do the big things. Only the stupid children and those who cannot get away remain on the farm.'"

"I then asked how many of the boys and girls owned chickens, pigs, calves, gardens, flowers, playhouses, books, and other good things on the farm that one cannot get in the town. Only one or two hands responded to this inquiry. Around the school house there were mud and gullies, with no flowers, no walks, no improvements, no gardens. The teacher was pointing the children away from the land and the greatest opportunity which could come to American boys and girls.

"The questions for the school to consider are: First, what will become of the country if all the boys and girls go to town? Second, what will become of the country if all the boys and girls go to town? And meantime, what will become of the nation and the boys and girls themselves?"

MUST HAVE BEEN EXCITED.

Dr. Frank Crane, who used to preach sermons himself before he began dashing off daily heart throbs for newspapers, quit the pulpit in Nebraska. On his way to New York he stopped at a little town in Indiana to call on a theological class mate and attended the Sunday services.

The friend was just a little bit excited. Dr. Crane said in the front row. When he arose to say: "My text is taken from the nineteenth chapter, twenty-first verse—I mean the twenty-first chapter, nineteenth verse of the Gospel according to St. Matthew."

Then he looked out at his congregation and said slowly and with great impressiveness: "And the wig wig fithered away."—O. O. McIntire in Asheville Times.

WOMEN NEEDED FOR CHINA.

A missionary in Yangchow, in helping for a woman helper, says: "We have thirty-eight inquiries, but not one is a woman. We do not have to go far to find the reason. There was no woman to do the preparatory work. Anyone familiar with Chinese customs knows that in China men cannot work among women."

"There are many women near us ready to listen to the gospel message, but there is no one to tell that message to them. We have done and can do nothing for them. In China the best of earthly things are possessed by the men. It must seem to those near our chapel (if they think about it at all) that the same is true of heavenly things. If the women of China are ever to know Christian sympathy and love, Christian sympathy and love must be transmitted to them through women. The work is waiting to be done. Who will come out and do it?"

FOR SALE—2 Two-horse wagons, one one-horse wagon at a bargain. Apply to Carolina Oil and Supply Co. 9-13-16 Phone 40.